

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

Product name: CELADON™ Herbicide

Revision Date: 19.03.2020 Version: 10.0 Date of last issue: 12.02.2018 Print Date: 19.03.2020

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier Product name: CELADON[™] Herbicide

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses: Plant Protection Product Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet COMPANY IDENTIFICATION DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED CPC2 CAPITAL PARK FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE England CB21 5XE UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information Number:

00 44 8006 89 8899 SDS@corteva.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER24-Hour Emergency Contact: +44 161 88 41235Local Emergency Contact: +44 161 88 41235

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Skin irritation - Category 2 - H315 Skin sensitisation - Category 1 - H317 Eye irritation - Category 2 - H319 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 - Respiratory tract irritant. - H335 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 - Narcotic effects. - H336 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H400 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H410 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: WARNING

Hazard statements

| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
|------|---|
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| | |

Precautionary statements

| P280 | Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. |
|-------|---|
| 1 200 | |

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
- + P338 if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Supplemental information

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Contains Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

2.3 Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

| CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No. | REACH Registration Number | Concentration | Component | Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| | | | | |
| CASRN 81406-37-3 EC-No. 279-752-9 Index-No. 607-272-00-5 | _ | 15.6% | fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO) | Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 |
| CASRN 145701-23-1 EC-No. Not available Index-No. 613-230-00-7 | _ | 0.2% | Florasulam (ISO) | Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 |
| CASRN Not available EC-No. 918-668-5 Index-No. – | 01-2119455851-35 | >= 30.0 - < 40.0 % | Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | Flam. Liq 3 - H226 STOT SE - 3 - H335 STOT SE - 3 - H336 Asp. Tox 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411 |
| CASRN 57-55-6 EC-No. 200-338-0 Index-No. | 01-2119456809-23 | >= 3.0 - < 10.0 % | Propylene glycol | Not classified |

If present in this product, any not classified components disclosed above for which no country specific OEL value(s) is(are) indicated under Section 8, are being disclosed as voluntarily disclosed components.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask

etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly.

Eye contact: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

Ingestion: Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician: Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media: No data available

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hazardous combustion products: No data available

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters Fire Fighting Procedures: No data available

Special protective equipment for firefighters: No data available

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

6.2 Environmental precautions:

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

6.4 Reference to other sections: References to other sections, if applicable, have been provided in the previous sub-sections.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

7.3 Specific end use(s): Refer to product label.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

| Component | Regulation | Type of listing | Value/Notation |
|--------------------------|------------|------------------|-------------------|
| fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO) | Dow IHG | TWA | 10 mg/m3 |
| Propylene glycol | US WEEL | TWA | 10 mg/m3 |
| | GB EH40 | TWA | 474 mg/m3 150 ppm |
| | GB EH40 | TWA | 10 mg/m3 |
| | GB EH40 | TWA particles | 10 mg/m3 |
| | GB EH40 | TWA Total vapour | 474 mg/m3 150 ppm |
| | | and particles | |

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Derived No Effect Level

Propylene glycol

Workers

| Acute syste | Acute systemic effects | | Acute local effects | | n systemic ects | Long-term | local effects |
|-------------|------------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Dermal | Inhalation | Dermal | Inhalation | Dermal | Inhalation | Dermal | Inhalation |
| n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 168 mg/m3 | n.a. | 10 mg/m3 |

Consumers

| Acute systemic effects | | Acute loo | al effects | Long-te | rm systemi | c effects | • | rm local ects | |
|------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------------|------------|
| Dermal | Inhalation | Oral | Dermal | Inhalation | Dermal | Inhalation | Oral | Dermal | Inhalation |
| n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 50 | n.a. | n.a. | 10 |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | | | mg/m3 |

Predicted No Effect Concentration

Propylene glycol

| Compartment | PNEC |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Fresh water | 260 mg/l |
| Marine water | 26 mg/l |
| Intermittent use/release | 183 mg/l |
| Sewage treatment plant | 20000 mg/l |

| Fresh water sediment | 572 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |
|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Marine sediment | 57.2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |
| Soil | 50 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent. If exposure causes eve discomfort, use a full-face respirator (meeting standard EN 136) with organic vapor cartridge (meeting standard EN 14387).

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polvethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positivepressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2 (meeting standard EN 14387).

Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| 9.1 Information on basic physical and che | emical properties |
|---|-------------------|
|---|-------------------|

| Appearance | and chemical properties |
|---|---|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Color | Off-white |
| Odor | Characteristic |
| Odor Threshold | No test data available |
| рН | 5.8 1% CIPAC MT 75.2 (1% aqueous suspension) |
| Melting point/range | Not applicable |
| Freezing point | No data available |
| Boiling point (760 mmHg) | No test data available |
| Flash point | closed cup 61 °C Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93 |
| Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) | No test data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit | No test data available |
| Upper explosion limit | No test data available |
| Vapor Pressure | No test data available |
| Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) | No test data available |
| Relative Density (water = 1) | 0.992 at 22 °C / 4 °C Pyknometer |
| Water solubility | emulsifies/suspends |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | No data available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | at 1,007 mbar 92/69/EEC A15 none below 400 degC |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available |
| Dynamic Viscosity | No test data available |
| Kinematic Viscosity | 95 mm2/s at 40 °C Approx. |
| Explosive properties | No |
| Oxidizing properties | No |
| 9.2 Other information Liquid Density Molecular weight | 0.992 g/cm3 at 22 °C <i>Pyknometer</i> No data available |
| Surface tension | 34.5 mN/m at25 °C |

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- **10.1 Reactivity:** No data available
- **10.2 Chemical stability:** No data available
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: No data available
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid: No data available
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: LD50, Rat, male, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration. As product: LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

Vapor concentrations are attainable which could be hazardous on single exposure. May cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness and drowsiness, progressing to incoordination and unconsciousness.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s): LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 10 mg/l Estimated.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation which may be slow to heal. May cause slight corneal injury. Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

Sensitization

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

For the active ingredient(s): Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Contains component(s) which have been reported to cause effects on the following organs in animals: Kidney. Liver. Eye. Respiratory tract. Lung. Blood.

Carcinogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

For the minor component(s): Has caused cancer in laboratory animals. However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown.

Teratogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Based on information for component(s): Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses producing severe toxicity in the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

Reproductive toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

In animal studies on component(s), effects on reproduction were seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

Mutagenicity

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 13.5 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 31.7 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Biomass, 9.03 mg/l

ErC50, Lemna gibba, 7 d, Biomass, 0.932 mg/l

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), mortality, > 2000mg/kg bodyweight.

oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 359micrograms/bee

contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 959micrograms/bee

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, 608 mg/kg

12.2 Persistence and degradability

fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

Biodegradability: Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines. 10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** 32 % **Exposure time:** 28 d **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.2 mg/mg

Stability in Water (1/2-life) Hydrolysis, half-life, 454 d

Florasulam (ISO)

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 2 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0.85 mg/mg

Biological oxygen demand (BOD)

| Incubation Time | BOD |
|--------------------|-------|
| 5 d | 0.012 |
| | mg/mg |

Stability in Water (1/2-life) , > 30 d

Photodegradation Atmospheric half-life: 1.82 Hour Method: Estimated.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Biodegradability: For the major component(s): Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability. For some component(s): Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

Propylene glycol

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).
10-day Window: Pass
Biodegradation: 81 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 96 %
Exposure time: 64 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 5.04 Measured **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 26 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Measured

Florasulam (ISO)

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.22 **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.8 Fish 28 d Measured

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Bioaccumulation: For the major component(s): Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5). For the minor component(s): Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Propylene glycol

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.07 Measured **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.09 Estimated.

12.4 Mobility in soil

fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000). **Partition coefficient (Koc):** 6200 - 43000

Florasulam (ISO)

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). **Partition coefficient (Koc):** 4 - 54

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

No relevant data found.

Propylene glycol

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). **Partition coefficient (Koc):** < 1 Estimated.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Florasulam (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Propylene glycol

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Florasulam (ISO)

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Propylene glycol

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

| 14.1 | UN number | UN 3082 |
|-------|---|---|
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr) |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | 9 |
| 14.4 | Packing group | III |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | Fluroxypyr |
| 14.6 | Special precautions for user | Hazard Identification Number: 90 |
| Class | sification for SEA transport (IM | O-IMDG): |
| 14.1 | UN number | UN 3082 |
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr) |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | 9 |
| 14.4 | Packing group | III |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | Fluroxypyr |
| 14.6 | Special precautions for user | EmS: F-A, S-F |
| 14.7 | Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code | Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk |

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

| 14.1 | UN number | UN 3082 |
|------|------------------------------|---|
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.(Fluroxypyr) |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | 9 |
| 14.4 | Packing group | III |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | Not applicable |
| 14.6 | Special precautions for user | No data available. |

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).,The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure thathis/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS Number in Regulation: E1 100 t 200 t Listed in Regulation: Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d) Number in Regulation: 34 2,500 t 25,000 t

Other regulations

Registration Number: MAPP 19364

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
|------|---|
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin Irrit. - 2 - H315 - On basis of test data. Skin Sens. - 1 - H317 - On basis of test data. Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319 - On basis of test data. STOT SE - 3 - H335 - Calculation method STOT SE - 3 - H336 - Calculation method Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - On basis of test data. Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 - Calculation method

Revision

Identification Number: 97072754 / A293 / Issue Date: 19.03.2020 / Version: 10.0 DAS Code: GF-184 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

| Dow IHG | Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline |
|-----------------|---|
| GB EH40 | UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits |
| TWA | 8-hr TWA |
| US WEEL | USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL) |
| Aquatic Acute | Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard |
| Aquatic Chronic | Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard |
| Asp. Tox. | Aspiration hazard |
| Flam. Liq. | Flammable liquids |
| STOT SE | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure |

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials: bw - Body weight: CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk: IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration: ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG -International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

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